The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,335.

PRICE 3d.] EDINBURGH, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6. 1787.

Theatre-Royal.

SATURDAY Evening, December 8, 1787, will be presented, The Comedy of the

SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.

Sir Peter Teazle, Mr WILSON;
Joseph Surface, Mr WOODS;
Sir Oliver Surface, Mr SPARKS;
And Charles Surface, Mr ARCHER.
Mrs Candour, Mrs WILMOT-WELLS;
Maria, Mrs WOODS;
Lady Sneerwell, Mrs CHARTERIS;
And Lady Teazle, Mrs BROOKS,
From the Theatre-Royal in the Haymarket.
Being her Third Appearance in this Kingdom.

To which will be added, the Farce of

BARNABY BRITTLE.

Barnaby Brittle, Mr WILSON;
And Clodpole, Mr CHARTERIS.
Mrs Brittle, Mrs WILMOT-WELLS;
And Damaris, Mrs VILLARS.
Mrs Brooks, who performed the character of Belinda, in the Play of *All in the Wrong*, was received by a crowded and brilliant audience on Tuesday last, with the greatest marks of approbation.—Her third appearance will be on Saturday next, in the part of Lady Teazle.

This day were published,
In two vols. 12mo. (price 6 s. in boards)

REFLECTIONS,
MORAL AND POLITICAL;
AND
Miscellanies in Prose and Verse.

Printed for J. BELL, Parliament Close; and G. G. J. & J. Robinsons, London.

This day is Published,
Price 1 s. or 1 s. 3 d. by post,

THE EDINBURGH MAGAZINE;
OR,
LITERARY MISCELLANY,
FOR NOVEMBER.

With a View of the Old Castle of Culzean,
(The Seat of the EARL of CASSILLIS)

CONTAINING

Plans and Abridgements from new books, English and foreign; particularly from the French and German periodical publications.—With a variety of Original Articles in prose and verse.

Printed for J. SIBBALD, Edinburgh, and sold by J. Murray, London; Dunlop and Wilson, Glasgow; Angus and Son, Aberdeen; and W. Boyd, Dumfries.

Soon to be published,

A MAP OF SCOTLAND,

LAID down by JOHN AINSLIE, Land Surveyor, Edinburgh, from a scale of ¼ of an inch to a mile, and will be printed on nine sheets of imperial paper, the largest map ever published of the kingdom, being upwards of six feet by four and an half.

New proof sheets of the engraving are to be seen at Mess. Ainslie's, booksellers, St Andrew's Street, New Town, where subscriptions are taking in at one guinea in sheets, or 1 l. 1 s. 6 d. mounted upon linen with rollers. The subscription-money not payable till the delivery of the map. It must be observed that non subscribers are to pay 1 l. 5 s. in sheets, 1 l. 15 s. 6 d. mounted, besides not having it in their power to purchase any of the copies until the subscribers are furnished with theirs. J. Ainslie, being anxious to have his map as complete and accurate as possible, that it may merit a general satisfaction to the country, would be singularly obliged to any of the Noblemen and Gentlemen, who have changed the names of their seats or built new mansion-houses, if they would call and point out their different situations; and any of the gentlemen having large tracts of ground and plans of their estates, will indulge him with a sight thereof, the same shall be taken care of, and his gratitude expressed, by inserting every thing that is worth taking notice of from such information.

☞ At the above shop, John and James Ainslie have opened a Circulating Library, consisting of History, Voyages, Travels, Romances, Plays, &c. &c. The books are all new, well chosen, and lent to read on the usual terms.

Handsome Present for Young Ladies and Gentlemen at the approaching Holidays.

In a few Days may be had,

the King's Royal Letters Patent, granted to the late ingenious Mr THOMAS BECKWITH, Painter, and F. A. S.

NEW-Invented Coloured Crayon PENCILS, which are now brought to such perfection, as to paint either on Vellum, Paper, Silk, or Sattin, without ever fading, taking mould, or any injury from being rubbed, even when wet; the whole making a most beautiful assemblage (including carmine and ultramarine) of elegant shades, put in fine Cedar, to use as a Black Lead Pencil; price only 11. 7s. the complete set. or 9 d. single, which, from their much admired neatness and mellowness in working, cannot fail of proving a very desirable acquisition to young Ladies, and all who have a taste for drawing, particularly those who take sketches from Nature.

Prepared and sold by G. RILEY, sole Patentee, and only wholesale vender, at his Sealing Wax and Superfine Colour Manufactory, Dr James's Grove, Lambeth; and at the Drawing Patent Pencil Warehouse, No. 33, Ludgate Street, London; and retailed by all the booksellers and principal shop-keepers in Edinburgh and Glasgow.

N. B. As there has been sold, during the late Mr Beckwith's long indisposition, a very inferior imitation of the above Patent Pencils, care must be taken to see the words "PATENT CRAYONS" stamped on the end of each, or the purchaser may be deceived by an inferior composition, put in cedar wood; which spurious pencils are now hawked about, and sold for 3 d. each.

British Linen Office, Edinburgh,
3*d December* 1787.

THE General Court of Proprietors of the British Linen Company, having ordered a dividend on their Stock for the year ending the 30th day of May last, payable at Christmas next; Notice is hereby given to the proprietors to call for the same at the Company's Office; and in order to settle said dividend, no transfer of stock will be made from Friday the 14th to Monday the 24th curt. both days inclusive.

MURPHY,
PLAYER ON THE IRISH PIPES,

BY the desire of his Friends, has opened a house as a Tavern in George's Street, New Town, Edinburgh; it goes by the name of the GLOBE TAVERN. Any Gentlemen that will be pleased to do him the favour of using his house, will find as good WINE and other LIQUORS at the above Tavern, as at any other tavern in Edinburgh.

Dinners or Suppers dressed at a short notice.

Ladies or Gentlemen having a desire to hear him play, may have him at any time, by doing him the favour of sending for him.

A Dining-room and two Bed-chambers furnished, to LET in the same house.

WANTED,

A Household Servant.—He must be a perfect master of his business, and well recommended from his last place, where he must have been at least twelve months.

Such a person will hear of a good place, on applying to Mr Alexander Masters merchant, No. 110. Nicolson's Street.

Not to be repeated.

TO THE PUBLIC.

ROBERT ROBERTSON, Son of the deceased Bailie William Robertson, merchant in Leith, most respectfully informs the Public in general and his Friends in particular, that he carries on the business of SHIP CHANDLER and FACTOR, as lately carried on by his deceased father, in all the different branches thereof.—Those who are pleased to encourage him with their favours, may depend on punctual service, upon the most moderate terms.

WIRE WEAVING MANUFACTORY,
Leith Wynd, Edinr. 3d Shop down, East side.

George Borthwick, Fish-hook Maker, &c. returns best thanks to his Friends and Customers for past favours, and hopes to merit their continuance.—He begs leave to acquaint them, that he can now furnish, in any variety, and to what dimensions required, improved

WIRE KILN COVERS OR BEDDINGS,

For Corn, &c.—which are found to be vastly superior to those made of yetlin or other materials, being manufactured in a style more useful and substantial, and sully as low priced, as those from England.——Likewise Wire Window-blinds, Sieves, Riddles, Searches, Diary Furniture, and in short every other article in the Wire business. ☞ N. B. Gentlemen, &c. having occasion for any of these, by applying as above, will be supplied, in a neat, cheap, and expeditious manner.

This Day is Published,
(Price 1 s. stitched,)

AN ADDRESS
TO THE
NOBLEMEN AND GENTLEMEN OF SCOTLAND.

With some thoughts on Military Education; to which is added, the Rules and Regulations of the Military Academy, Edinburgh, Instituted November 1787, under the superintendance of

MAJOR D'ASTI.

Printed for the Author, of whom it may be had, and of all the Booksellers in town and country.

N. B. The Military Academy is agreeably situated at Castle-Barns, behind the castle, and about five minutes walk from the Cross.—Access may be had to it by three different roads, equally good, viz. By the high road leading to Castle-Barns through the Grass-market—by the back of the Castle—and by Prince's Street, in the New Town.

Letters directed to Major D'Asti, Military Academy, at Castle-Barns, or left at his house, Pierie's Close, Canongate, will be punctually attended to.

Most Striking Likenesses,
In Miniature Profile,

PAINTED on a peculiar plan by J. MIERS, at No. 3. Shakespeare's Square; whose performances are allowed by every observer to be infinitely superior to any other in the kingdom.

Complete in elegant Gilt Frames, or reduced upon Ivory, toset in Rings, Pins, Lockets, Bracelets, &c. at the trifling expence of 6 s. to 10 s. 6 d. each.

Time of Sitting, *Two Minutes.*

He has succeeded beyond his most sanguine expectations, in remedying the defects with which the uncertain methods of taking and reducing shades have heretofore been practised; and since his late improvements, (resulting from a most indefatigable study and application,) flatters himself he has raised his art to its most permanent degree of perfection, not only in perfect symmetry and animated expression, but also the truly elegant and pleasing style of finishing.

Mr Miers most pointedly impressed with the spirited favours with which he has been honoured by the Nobility and Gentry of Edinburgh and its vicinity, in their very liberal demands, the entire satisfaction and flattering encomiums with which his performances have been received,—most respectfully requests, that those who wish to preserve animated resemblances of their friends or family, will embrace the earliest opportunity, *his stay in Town now being very uncertain,* and after his departure, they may not have it in their power to procure similar likenesses at so easy expence.

☞ Attendance from twelve to three o'clock, and from four to six.

N. B. Those who have shades by them may have them reduced to any size, the likeness preserved, and dressed in the present taste.

P. KEIR's PATENT LAMPS.

OF so much importance has Argand's discovery of burning oil without smoke, and thereby increasing the light beyond precedent, been considered, that Lamps are now, particularly in England, so completely adopted, that all other lights are gradually giving place to that excellent contrivance.

The Lamps, however, to which Argand's principle has been applied, are subject to many inconveniencies, being either constructed with a fountain, so as to have the supply of oil above the burner, or, in perpendicular lamps, to have a large body of oil near the flame, as a supply for the consumption. The inconveniencies of the fountain are obvious, being invariably subject to overflow from the expansion of air in the reservoir, whenever the room or apartment where they are placed becomes warm, and their heating the coarse and earthy particles of the oil, before the finer parts can reach the flame, of consequence a crust gathers about the wick, which diminishes and obscures the light, and makes it necessary to snuff it frequently, which, in many cases, renders the Lamp very inconvenient. The perpendicular Lamp is still more limited, so large a body near the flame causing so great a shade, as renders it almost useless. In consideration of these and other capital defects in Argand's Lamp, P. KEIR, after much study, has invented a Lamp, for which he has obtained *His Majesty's Patent*, which bids fair to answer every purpose to which Lamps can be applied.

It is so constructed, that the flame is placed at a considerable degree of elevation above the body of the Lamp, so as to remove the inconvenience of the great shade peculiar to perpendicular Lamps. At the same time, it supplies the consumption in the same abundance as a fountain.

It has the quality also of burning the finer particles of the oil, and thereby continuing the brilliance of the flame, is not subject to overflow, nor apt to go out of repair, and is so cleanly, that it may be used with the same freedom as a candle, without danger.

These Lamps are manufactured, and are now selling, by appointment of the Patentee, at the shop of Mrs M'Queen, tin-plate worker in Edinburgh, and no where else in Scotland, with a label affixed, "P. Keir, by His Majesty's Patent."

Silk Goods at the Old Prices.
ARCHIBALD GILCHRIST AND COMPANY,
HABERDASHERS AND LINEN-DRAPERS,
At their *Old Warehouse*, High Street, Edinburgh,

BEG leave to inform their Friends and the Public, That one of their partners has just now returned from London, and the different manufacturing towns in England, where he has, with the utmost care and attention, purchased a very large and elegant assortment of GOODS in the Haberdashery Line; and are happy in having it in their power to continue selling RIBBONS, MODES, PERSIANS, and other SILK GOODS, at the *Old Price*, and every other article on the most moderate terms.

☞ Archibald Gilchrist and Company beg leave to return their most sincere and grateful acknowledgments to their friends and the public for the many favours they have hitherto received, and assure them such care and attention shall be paid to the business as to merit a continuance.

N. B. Millinery Work done in the neatest manner.

Commissions carefully attended to

FRENCH BRANDY.

RAMSAY, WILLIAMSON, and Co. Leith, have for sale, part of a cargo of BRANDY imported by them direct from Conac.

Also, a Parcel of Dantzick White HONEY, of the best quality, in small casks.

Mace, Nutmegs, Cassia, Cinnamon, and GUNPOWDER TEA.

WILLIAM THORBURN acquaints the Ladies, That he has received from the East India Company's October sale, a quantity of the above goods, which are good in quality.

N. B. Congou, Shoushong, and Hyson Teas of last sale.

Leith, December 3. 1787.

LAURIESTON PLACE.

TO be FEUED at Lauriestoo, Edinburgh, SIX SCOTCH ACRES of GROUND *for Building on*, the whole being laid out according to a Plan.—The buildings, when complete, will form an elegant oblong Square, to be called

LAURIESTON PLACE.

Each house will have besides a sufficient quantity of back ground for, garden and offices.

The situation is well known to be remarkably warm and dry, having a gentle declivity to the south, and commanding views both extensive and delightful. It is much nearer to the Cross, to the Parliament-house, to the Exchequer, to the Boards of Custom and Excise, to the Public Banks, to the General Post Office, to the University, High School, &c. &c. than the ground at present feuing out in the New Town; and there is now easy and commodious access to both towns by the South Bridge on the east and north, and the Lothian-road on the west. The old city-wall, which greatly retarded the buildings on the south side of the town, is now removed. A new and elegant road, 60 feet wide, is begun to be made from the Lothian-road to Bristo Port, by Lauriestoo; and at the foot of the ground there is an entry to the Meadow, one of the best public walks in the Kingdom.

There is plenty of excellent water in the ground; and the feuers are entitled to have the town's water on the same terms with those in the new-extended royalty.

The inhabitants will be exempted from several taxes to which those of the royalty of the city of Edinburgh are subjected, such as Stent on Trade, Ministers Stipend, &c. which last burden alone is no less than *six per cent* upon the valued rent.

No premium or purchase-money will be demanded; nor will the payment of the feu-duties commence until the buildings are finished.

Apply to Mr Robertson, the Proprietor, at Lauriestoo.

The TICKET in the IRISH LOTTERY,

No. 11,680,

Which is entitled to One Thousand Pounds, as the first drawn on the seventh day of Drawing, was sold in shares by HORNSBY and Co. viz. two Quarters, two Eighths, and four Sixteenths.—Likewise,

No. 37,428,

Drawn the ninth day a prize of One Hundred Pounds, was sold in two Quarters, two Eighths, and four Sixteenths.—Also,

No. 14,070,

Drawn the eleventh day a prize of Five Thousand Pounds, was sold in shares by HORNSBY and Co. viz. two Quarters, two Eighths, and four Sixteenths,

No. 11,191,

Drawn the fourteenth day, a prize of One Hundred Pounds, was sold in one Half, one Quarter, one Eighth, and two Sixteenths.

The proprietors of the said shares may receive their money immediately, by applying at the Office of HORNSBY and Co.

HORNSBY and CO. at their old established Office, No. 26. CORNHILL, beg leave to inform the Public, that they are now selling

IRISH TICKETS,
HALVES, QUARTERS, EIGHTHS, & SIXTEENTHS,
Stamped agreeably to Act of Parliament.
WARRANTED UNDRAWN.

By which every possible security is given to the purchaser, at the time the purchase is made.

ENGLISH LOTTERY TICKETS.

HORNSBY and CO. are now selling English Lottery Tickets and Shares, stamped agreeably to act of Parliament; and take this opportunity of returning thanks to their Friends and Customers, for the very extraordinary sale they have had within these few days, in consequence of their advice to the Public to purchase as early as possible.—Every day's sale gives them additional reason to expect that Tickets will yet see an amazing rise before the drawing; and therefore they repeat the recommendation they have already given, that their Customers lose no time in becoming purchasers of ENGLISH LOTTERY TICKETS and SHARES.

The present very extraordinary Scheme contains
Three Prizes of Twenty Thousand Pounds.
Three Prizes of Ten Thousand Pounds.—And
Five Prizes of Five Thousand Pounds.

FOR LONDON,
The Smack Kingston,
RICHARD GARDNER Master,

Now lying on the birth in Leith harbour, taking in goods, and will sail 12th December 1787.

N. B. This vessel is remarkably strong, sails fast, and has great accommodation for passengers.

The Master to be spoke with at the Exchange Coffee-house, 'Change hours; mornings and evenings on board or at his house, Sheriff Brae.

This day is Published, in 12mo,
Price 3 three Shillings in boards,

STENOGRAPHY;
OR, AN EASY SYSTEM OF
SHORT-HAND WRITING.
By the Rev. W. GRAHAM.
Printed for J. BELL, Parliament Close.

The merit of this System consists

I. In the simplicity of the alphabetical characters.
II. In the facility and ease with which the characters combine in the formation of words.
III. In the brevity and distinctness with which the inseparable Prepositions, both simple and compound, are marked.
And, IV. In the method of abbreviation.

——*Si quid novisti rectius istis*
Candidus imperti; si non, his utere mecum.

Merchant Goods Found.

THERE was FOUND 21st November last, betwixt Halbeath and Dunfermline, a Parcel of MERCHANT GOODS, in a corn Sack.

Any person who can give proper marks of the goods, may apply to Provost Love, Dunfermline.

CANONGATE MANUFACTORY.

ALex. Montgomerie and Co. having now got their MANUFACTORY fully established, take the liberty of informing their friends and the public, that they manufacture and sell, in WHOLESALE ONLY, at their warehouse, High School Close, Canongate,

ALL SORTS OF
Fancy Stuffs for Vests,
Fancy Satin Vest Shapes, with borders,
Rich Silk Velvet ditto, with ditto,
Black Molekin Velvets, cotton and silk backs,
Rich Sattin Florentines, &c.

With a great variety of other Fashionable SILK and COTTON articles for Vests, figured and plain, and Vest-shapes with elegant figured borders, suited to the season.

Likewise all sorts of plain, striped, and chequed muslins and muslin handkerchiefs of all breadths, muslinets, dimities, India Jeans, MUSLIN SURTOUTS, &c. and a variety of pocket and Pulicat handkerchiefs.

A. M. & Co. having, at a good deal of trouble and expence, established this manufactory, and one of the partners having been a considerable time in Spitalfields and Manchester, where he had an opportunity of acquiring a complete knowledge of the business, they flatter themselves that their goods will be found, upon trial, to be of such quality and price, as to recommend them to the favour of the public.

N. B. They return their warmest thanks to those Gentlemen who have already given them such flattering encouragement, and solicit a continuance.

EDINBURGH, Nov. 24. 1787.

FOR THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

Preservation of FRUIT TREES *from* HARES.

AFTER trying all the common methods, such as casing the young trees with straw, broom, smearing the bark with foot and hogs lard, aloes, &c. the cure in general proved worse than the disease. When the tyings were taken off in spring, the marks of them, though loosely put on, appeared upon the bark, which shewed the circulation of the sap to be greatly impeded; the tree recovered slowly, and in nine of ten instances, was incurably hide-bound. The grease and other oily substances stop the pores, and never fail to cramp, shrivel, and hide-bind the most thriving and healthy plants. If they survive, it is only to live as unseemly dwarfs.

Observing the refuse of the foot thrown out from the chemical works, carried on here in Nicolson-street, it occurred to the writer of this notice to make trial of it; and he is now able to say, that it is a *complete remedy*. In place of hurting the tree like the things above mentioned, it proves to be a capital manure to it. Common foot is too light to lie at the foot of a tree; the other may be had in greater quantities; it is hard, heavy, and adhesive; a cart load is sold at the works for a shilling, and consequently is worth carriage to great distances.—A shovel full or too of this substance, laid about the foot of each tree in an orchyard, renders the trees so offensive to the hares, that not one of them will venture to approach, even in the most severe seasons. The smell of the refuse is as strong as the unworked foot. After lying two years on the ground, I have found the effluviæ continue so strong after touching, that it was very difficult to get it off the hand. As there will be a parcel lying at the foot of every tree, the gardener, to make sure, may smear the stems at any time, without the least injury to the plants, and thus a large orchyard may be saved for a trifle.

The proprietor of the works has no knowledge of or concern in this notice; it is given entirely for the benefit of the gardener and the planter; and it is hoped that the pityless method of destroying the poor hares in gins and traps may be prevented.—Cruelty in this case is ineffectual. Though fifty of them perish in torture by these means, two or three new comers will destroy the hopes of the planter in a very short time.

St Bernard's, near Edinburgh,
Nov. 30, 1787.

N. B. Writers talk a great deal about the fondness of hares for the Liburnum or Peacod tree, and advise the planting of them *merely for the preservation of others*; but certain it is that where a hare can get at an apple-tree, the Liburnum will remain untouched.

PRICES OF CORN AT CORN EXCHANGE, Dec. 3.

	s.	s.	d.		s.
Per Quarter.				Beans,	26 to
Wheat,	38 to	45	0	Tick,	24 to
Barley,	22 to	25	0	Tares,	28 to
Rye,	25 to	27	0		
Oats,	14 to	20	0	Flour per Sack.	
Pale Malt,	32 to	35	0	First,	35
Amber ditto,	33 to	35	6	Second,	32
Pease,	33 to	35	0	Third,	31 to
Hog Pease,	25 to	27	6		

1964

No 2

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE, *Dec.* 1.

By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS George Earl of Dalhouſie was duly elected and returned to be one of the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, to ſit in the Houſe of Peers in the preſent Parliament of Great Britain, and is ſince deceaſed: In order to the electing another Peer of Scotland to ſit in his room, we do, by the advice of our Privy Council, iſſue forth this proclamation, ſtrictly charging and commanding all the Peers of Scotland to aſſemble and meet at Holyroodhouſe in Edinburgh, on Thurſday the tenth day of January next, between the hours of twelve and two in the afternoon, to nominate and chuſe another Peer of Scotland to ſit and vote in the Houſe of Peers of this preſent Parliament of Great Britain, in the room of the ſaid George Earl of Dalhouſie deceaſed, by open election and plurality of voices that ſhall then be preſent, and of the proxies of ſuch as ſhall be abſent, (ſuch proxies being Peers, and producing a mandate in writing, duly ſigned before witneſſes, and both conſtituent and proxy being qualified according to law.) And the Lord Clerk Regiſter, or ſuch two of the Principal Clerks of the ſeſſion as ſhall be appointed by him to officiate in his name, are hereby reſpectively required to attend ſuch meeting, and to adminiſter the oaths required by law to be taken there by the ſaid Peers, and to take their votes; and, immediately after ſuch election made and duly examined, to certify the name of the Peer ſo elected, and ſign and atteſt the ſame in the preſence of the ſaid Peers the electors, and return ſuch certificate into our High Court of Chancery of Great Britain. And we ſtrictly charge and command, that this proclamation be duly publiſhed at the market Croſs at Edinburgh, and in all the county towns in Scotland, twenty-five days at leaſt before the time hereby appointed for the meeting of the ſaid Peers to proceed on ſuch election. Given at our Court at St James's, the thirtieth day of November, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſeven, in the twenty-eighth year of our reign.

GOD Save the KING.

At the Court at St James's, the 30th of November, 1787,

PRESENT,

The KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Alleyne Fitzherbert was, by his Majeſty's command, ſworn of his Majeſty's Moſt Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

Dublin Caſtle, Nov. 22. 1787.

Letters patent have been paſſed under the Great Seal of this kingdom, for tranſlating the Right Reverend Doctor William Preſton, Biſhop of Killala and Achonry, to the united Biſhopricks of Leighlin and Ferns, vacant by the death of the Right Rev. Doctor Walter Cope, late Biſhop thereof.

Like letters patent have alſo been paſſed for tranſlating the Right Rev. Doctor John Law, Biſhop of Clonfert and Kilmacduagh, to the united Biſhopricks of Killala and Achonry.

Like letters patent have alſo been paſſed for promoting the Reverend Richard Marlay, A. M. Dean of St Edan's in the dioceſe of Ferns, to the united Biſhopricks of Clonfert and Kilmacdaugh.

Like letters patent have alſo been paſſed for promoting the Hon. and Rev. Thomas Stopford, A. M. Dean of St Flannon, Killaloe, to the Deanry of his Majeſty's Cathedral Church of St Edan, in the dioceſe of Ferns.

Eſcurial, Nov. 6.

This day the Infanta Dona Mariana Victoria, conſort of the Infant Don Gabriel, was happily delivered of a Princeſs,

Hague, Nov. 26.

The following changes have lately taken place in the principal offices of this Government:—Mr Van der Hop has been appointed Treaſurer General, in the room of Mr Biſedom; Mr Van der Spiegel, Great Penſionary of Holland, in the room of Mr Van Blieſwyk; Mr Perduin, Penſionary of Dordrecht, in the room of Mr Gyzlaer; Mr Jager, Penſionary of Haerlem, in the room of Mr Zeelengen; and Meſſieurs Van Berkel and Viſcher have been diſmiſſed from the offices of Penſionaries of Amſterdam.

War-Office, Dec. 1, 1787.

6th Regiment of dragoons, Cornet John Hart is appointed to be Lieutenant, vice John Joſeph Atherton.

11th Regiment of foot, Edward Raleigh, Gent. to be Enſign, vice William Egerton.

17th Regiment of foot, William Blakeney Perſſe, Gent. to be Enſign, vice William Hilliard. Enſign William Auguſtus Blakeney to be Adjutant, vice Richard Stovin.

23d Regiment of foot, Edward Auguſtus Miller, Gent. to be Second Lieutenant, vice William Erſkine.

27th Regiment of foot, Surgeon's Mate J. Goodſman, of the 56th regiment, to be Surgeon, vice Charles Kerr.

40th Regiment of foot, Captain William Pearſe, from the 76th regiment, to be Captain of a company, vice Robert Shaw.

75th Regiment of foot, Surgeon Charles Kerr, from the 37th regiment, to be Surgeon.

76th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant William Pearſe, from the 36th regiment, to be Captain of a company. Captain Robert Shaw, from the 40th regiment, to be Captain of a company, vice William Pearſe. William Shaw, Clerk, to be Chaplain. Charles Fraſer, Gent. to be Adjutant. Donald Cameron, Gent. to be Quarter-Maſter. Surgeon Patrick Dundon, from the half-pay, to be Surgeon.

MAILS.

Arrived—Ireland, 4.—Holland, 1.—Flanders, 1.—France, 1.
Due—Ireland, 5.

FROM THE LONDON PAPERS, *Dec.* 3.

Warſaw, Oct. 29. We learn from Kaminieck, that the fortreſs at that place is put into the beſt poſſible ſtate of defence; that the old works are compleatly repaired, and many new ones added.

A powerful body of our troops is ſtationed in the environs of Swanierz, being only ſeparated for Choczim by the Dneiſter.

Warſaw, Oct. 29. Count Malahowſky, Grand Chancellor, arrived here a few days ſince. Prince Staniſlaus Poniatowſky, Grand Treaſurer of Lithuania, is on his return to this capital.

The body of troops aſſembling near Bender, will amount to 25000 men. From them, between 6 and 8000 men will be detached and poſted along the Dneiſter. The line to extend near as far as Rankow.

Vienna, Nov. 3. Preparations for war are in no reſpect diſcontinued; and it is believed that our Sovereign will immediately ſet out for Hungary.

Baron de Rouvrai, General of artillery, is ſet out from this capital, in order to join the grand army.

Letters from Hungary adviſe, that great movements are making for forming the Cordon. The regiment of Prieſs is gone to Illok; that of Anthony Eſterhazy to Cheretziky; that of Nicholas Eſterhazy to Patanka, and thoſe of Latterman and Neugebauer and Alton, are on march for Sxigeth.

The Danube has overflowed in many places, and inundated the environs of this capital, the floods having reached the Red Bridge. Since yeſterday the waters began gradually to ſubſide.

By letters from Lintz, we are informed, that the overflowing of the Danube has occaſioned very great damage. The rivers Ems and Traun are alſo riſen above the banks.

Berlin, Nov. 20. The reigning Duke of Brunſwick will arrive the 24th inſtant at Potſdam, from whence the King will, on the following day, return to this capital, in company with his Serene Highneſs.

It is ſaid that M. d'Alvenſleben, his Majeſty's Envoy at the Court of Verſailles, will go to London in the ſame quality, as ſucceſſor to the Count de Luzi, who is on his return to this city.

Hamburgh, Nov. 23. By divers letters from Warſaw, we learn, that great confuſion prevails there. The King's party affirm, that it is neceſſary to make a common cauſe with the Ruſſians againſt the Turks; but their adverſaries alledge, that it will be ſufficient if the frontiers are defended. The generality of the Grandees are divided into three parties, and eſpouſe the cauſe of three different powers, but ſome of them hold themſelves in a ſtate of neutrality.

We learn from Copenhagen, that the Prince Royal will next ſummer make a tour into Norway.

Amſterdam, Nov. 19. M. David Guillaume Elias was yeſterday appointed Second Penſionary of this city.

Hague, Nov. 27. The twenty firſt of this month the deputies of the city of Hoorn propoſed to the Aſſembly of the States of Holland to recall the Baron De Lynden, who at preſent reſides in quality of Miniſter of this Republic at the Court of Great Britain.

M. De Pompee Hœuſt, Counſellor in the Superior Council of Holland. Zealand. and Weſt Frizeland, died here laſt Friday in the 85th year of his age.

Hague, Nov. 28. We learn, that the Lords Deputies of the States General for foreign affairs have come to a reſolution of complimenting his Pruſſian Majeſty, for his timely exertions for ſuppreſſing the internal commotions in this Republic. On this ſubject the Lords Deputies of the Provinces of Guelderland, Holland and Weſt Frieſland, have conſented to explain themſelves more preciſely on a future day.

Verſailles, Nov. 25. Madame the King's daughter is perfectly recovered from her late indiſpoſition.

Paris, Nov. 28. They write from Rochfort and Port L'Orient, that the Impetueux and Entrepenant of 74 guns each, were lately launched at thoſe ports.

Franckfort, Nov. 13. Letters from Bavaria, dated the 1ſt of this month, are filled with accounts of the moſt afflicting diſaſters occaſioned by the overflowing of the rivers Illar and Inn, in the night between the 28th and 29th of laſt month. The Bridge of Branau is entirely carried away by the violence of the torrents.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, *Nov.* 30.

AS ſoon as the Speaker had taken the Chair, he reported his Majeſty's anſwer to the Addreſs of that Houſe of Thurſday laſt, and which is as follows, viz.

"Gentlemen,

"I return you my hearty thanks for this loyal "and dutiful Addreſs; the ſatisfaction you expreſs "in the meaſures which I have purſued, and in the "important events which have taken place, afford "me peculiar pleaſure.

"You may depend upon my invariable attention "to the happineſs and proſperity of my kingdoms."

The order of the day being read for taking into conſideration his Majeſty's Speech, the Speaker left the Chair, and the Houſe went into a Committee, and came to one reſolution, viz.

"That a ſupply be granted to his Majeſty."—The ſaid reſolution is to be reported to-morrow.

STATE PAPERS.

As ſoon as the Chancellor of the Exchequer came into the Houſe, he returned to the bar, and thence brought up

"An eſtimate of the expences incurred by the augmentation and equipment of his Majeſty's naval forces, ſince the 18th day of December laſt." Alſo

"An acount of the expences incurred by his Majeſty's Ordnance, on account of the late armament." Alſo

"An account of the monies iſſued from his Majeſty's Civil Liſt revenue, for his Majeſty's ſervice abroad, ſince the 5th of January 1787." And alſo

"An account of the charges incurred by the late armament, as far as the ſame can be made up at the War Office."

Which papers, the Chancellor of the Exchequer declared, he had received his Majeſty's command to lay before the Houſe.

The titles of theſe papers having been upon motion, read at the table, Mr *Pitt* gave notice, that he ſhould, on Friday next, move to have the ſeveral papers laid before the Houſe on that day, and on the day ſucceeding, taken into conſideration.

Mr *Fox* ſaid, he believed there was a paper exceedingly material for the information of the Houſe, in order to enable them the more fully to comprehend the ſubject appointed for diſcuſſion next Friday, in the poſſeſſion of his Majeſty's Miniſters, which was not among the papers already preſented, and that was, a copy of the declaration of the King of France to ſupport the inſurgents in Holland, which in his Majeſty's Speech was ſtated to have been made to his Majeſty. If his Majeſty's Miniſters had ſuch a paper, he conceived there could be no objection to laying it on the table, more eſpecially as it muſt obviouſly be explanatory of a very important fact. Since he was upon his legs, Mr Fox ſaid, he would ſave the Houſe the trouble of hearing him a ſecond time, and would mention another matter that required to be explained, either by the production of a paper, or in ſome other way; he declared he alluded to that part of the Counter Declaration of the Court of France which refers to a paper of the King of Pruſſia, in which his Pruſſian Majeſty imparted his reſolution as therein mentioned. Without this paper was before the Houſe, it was almoſt impoſſible clearly to underſtand the Counter Declaration, and therefore he hoped his Majeſty's Miniſters would either ſtate its contents, or produce it.

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer* in reply ſaid, he could not ſee for what reaſon the Copy of the Notification of the French, King ſtated in his Majeſty's Speech to have been the cauſe of the late preparations, was thought neceſſary to be laid upon the table, although a variety of reaſons flaſhed upon his mind to prove that producing it would be highly improper. The fact was, the Notification in queſtion was mixed with much other matter in an official diſpatch, dated the 16th of September, and received from the Court of France by their Miniſter in London, and communicated by that Miniſter to his Majeſty's ſervants, and read by them to his Majeſty in Council. The other parts of the diſpatch were certainly of a nature by no means proper, from the ſubjects they turned upon, to be laid upon the table; and as a copy of the part immediately ſtating the Notification would throw no new light upon the fact, nor more clearly illuſtrate it than what had been put into his Majeſty's Speech upon the topick, he ſaw not the ſmalleſt uſe or advantage that could reſult from producing it. With regard to the reference to the reſolution of the King of Pruſſia, as mentioned to have been imparted in the Counter Declaration of the Court of France, he could almoſt from memory ſtate the contents; but as memory ought not to be truſted to in a matter of ſuch delicacy, he would take care to make himſelf fully maſter of them againſt the day appointed for the diſcuſſion of the ſubject, and if it ſhould be then thought neceſſary, would be prepared to give the Houſe complete ſatisfaction reſpecting it.

The Houſe broke up at Half paſt Four o'clock, and adjourned till Saturday.

LONDON, —— *Dec.* 3.

In the Houſe of Commons, on Saturday, Mr Steele reported the reſolution of Friday laſt, viz. "That a ſupply be granted to his Majeſty," which was read and agreed to.

The Committee of Supply to meet this day.

Mr Steele moved for three accounts of Exchequer bills iſſued under different acts of Parliament, for the year 1787.

Mr Fiſher from the Exchequer attending, preſented the ſaid accounts, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The uſual accounts of army, ordnance, garriſons, &c. were moved, and followed with an addreſs to his Majeſty to direct the proper officers to lay ſuch accounts before the Houſe.

A petition for a private bill was preſented and read.

The Houſe broke up at half paſt three o'clock, and adjourned till this day.

It is imagined ſome converſation will take place this day relative to the mode of proceeding upon ſuch papers as are at preſent laid before the Houſe.

There are at preſent only two days appointed for this week which will occaſion debates in the Houſe of Commons, viz. Wedneſday and Friday next; the firſt upon the treaty with Heſſe Caſſell, and the laſt to conſider the papers reſpecting the armament and equipment; but in all probability every day may turn out a day of buſineſs.

The following is a correct amount of the totals of the four eſtimates preſented to the Houſe of Commons by Mr Pitt, on Friday laſt, of the expences of the late armament.

Account of the expences incurred by the late armament:—

Total amount of Navy,	L. 175,407	5	11
Total amount of Ordnance,	18,300	0	8
Total amount of Army,	59,878	4	0
Money iſſued out of the Civil Liſt for *ſervices performed abroad*,	83,166	0	0
L.	336,751	10	7

[The above eſtimates are to be taken into conſideration on Friday next.]

The Commons mean, before the receſs at Chriſtmas, to vote the Navy and Army, paſs the Land-Tax and Malt bill, and take into conſideration the ſeveral papers reſpecting the Convention between his Majeſty and the Moſt Chriſtian King, with other papers laid before that Houſe on Thurſday laſt, which, we hear, will take up the attention of the Houſe till Friday ſe'ennight; and about Wedneſday fortnight both Houſes will adjourn until the 31ſt of January next.

Mr Pitt told ſome of the members on Friday, when the Houſe was adjourned, that after the Chriſtmas receſs he ſhould bring forward the public buſineſs, with which he ſhould endeavour to employ their time until the middle of March, but imagine it would detain them much longer.

Mr Fox's ſpeech has given univerſal [illegible] and the general wiſh is, to have his abilities to the Cabinet. Why, obſerves our correſp cannot this be effected? Lord North can no be conſidered as an obſtacle, as the prejud fortunately imbibed muſt now be in a great done away. An union of the firſt perſonag kingdom completed; and the reflection that the unhappy difference exiſted, Mr Fox's was exemplary; an union of ſentiments ob jects the moſt important to this country, and pared to which, all other matters of diſcu trifling) between him and the Cabinet; the ſuch an union would have at this important when, we truſt, we are upon the eve of form tenſive and valuable alliances, muſt be utmoſt conſequence. Theſe conſiderations us ſome expectation, that ſo momentous cumſtance will ere long be completed. No can be urged but the diſmiſſion of ſome dependants, who might think themſelves treated if the good of their country was the indulgence of their private gratification.

The prorogation of the Iriſh Parliament middle of January gives the Marquis of Buc ham an opportunity of ſtaying ſome time this ſide of the water than what he firſt in In the mean time he is employed in arrangi buſineſs of his future adminiſtration, and in ing ſome plans which the ſhortneſs of his la royſhip prevented from being carried into

Friday, being St Andrew's day, the Orders appeared in their Collars, and wore in their hats of blue and ſilver in honour of

Same day, the Marquis of Buckingham of his Majeſty, previous to his going to the Marquis takes Stowe by the way, where ſtay a few days.

Mr William Grenville is to have the vacant Ribband as an appendage to his new embaſſy whether he goes to Stockholm or Peterſburgh, not yet certain.

Friday the inſignia of the Order of the worn by the late Duke of Rutland, was to his Majeſty in the cloſet by the Duke of fort.

At a General Court of the Corporation of Scottiſh Hoſpital, held on Friday in Crane-co agreeably to their charter, for the election of for the enſuing year; the Marquis of Graham unanimouſly re-choſen Preſident, the Six Vice P ſidents of the laſt year were re-elected; and vacancies in the Standing Council ſupplied by election of Mr Deputy Nichols and another gen man. The Court then adjourned to the Crown Anchor Tavern, where a ſplendid dinner was vided, and 250 gentlemen attended; amongſt were the noble Preſident, Lord Heathfield, Charles Douglas, Col. Small in a Highland form, Mr Roſe Fuller, and many others of hig ſtinction. The health of the gallant defender Gibraltar was among the toaſts; and was honou with that reſpectful ſhout of applauſe which his lour has ſo nobly deſerved from every mouth Great Britain. The Society, we are happy to have lately been augmented by a great increa new ſubſcribers, and *eſto perpetua* to be an appen to its motto!

Friday being St Andrew's Day, the gentl of the Thiſtle Club held their anniverſary dinner the Devil Tavern, when a very elegant entert ment, conſiſting of two complete courſes, were ſerved up at five o'clock to a numerous company of members and their friends. Our correſpondent who had the honour to participate in the hilarity the day, as a viſitor, obſerves, that he never ſ down to a dinner where ſo much order and harmo ny prevailed, a circumſtance that reflects equal cr dit on the Preſident and on the Stewards, for the management and attention. After the cloth was removed, a ſelection of toaſts, ſuitable to the occa ſion, were given from the chair, the company were treated with many excellent ſongs, and the ſocial glaſs was circulating freely at one o'clock on Sa turday morning, when our correſpondent left the room.

His Majeſty, with the conſent of the Cabinet has given directions to the Admiralty Board, that every commiſſioned officer, &c. who has been on duty in conſequence of the late armaments, viz. that Captains and Lieutenants ſhall receive three months pay; that the warrant officers ſhall receive two months pay, and common ſeamen one month's pay *extraordinary*, as a gratuity for the expences they may have been at in conſequence of preparing themſelves for actual ſervice.

By order of the Admiralty Board all the capital ſhips, equipped during the late warlike preparations are now paying off preparatory to their being laid in ordinary.

Mr Haſtings's anſwers to the articles of impeachment are not expected to go down to the Commons before Wedneſday next.

Saturday laſt Lord Fairfax took the oaths in order to qualify himſelf to vote at the next election for one of the Sixteen Peers of Scotland.

Baron de Breteuil preſented the French King's letter to the Duke of Orleans, at ſeven o'clock in the evening. It contained theſe conciſe orders:

"I have reaſon to be diſſatisfied with your conduct; I order you to retire to Villers Cotterets (one of the Duke of Orleans' ſeats, about 15 leagues from Paris), where you ſhall receive no company except that of your own family. I order you to depart immediately. You ſhall lie at Reincy (about four leagues from Paris) where, for this night, you ſhall ſee none of your family, nor any perſon belonging to your houſe."

The Duke, who expected to receive this order from his Majeſty, on account of his free ſpeech in the Houſe, had his poſt-chaiſe with four ſtout Engliſh horſes at the door; and when the Baron told him that he was to accompany him, and made a motion as if he wanted to enter the chaiſe after his Highneſs—No, ſays the Prince, I obey the King's orders, and you ſhall follow me, ſince you are deſire

to see me at the place of my destination for this night." The postilions drove like devils, and the four leagues were run *a l'Anglaise*. The poor Baron had two of his horses killed in attempting to keep in sight of the Prince's chaise."

The new French Ambassador to the States General, is still at Antwerp, where he may possibly remain for a long time. The reason assigned for his not proceeding to the Hague is, that he cannot consider the States General as a free and sovereign assembly, while a foreign Prince has an army in the heart of their country, and governs it as he pleases. He waits, therefore, till the Prussians shall have evacuated the Dutch territories, when he expects that all the Duke of Brunswick's army has been hitherto doing, will be completely undone in less than a month's time.

France has had three complete bankruptcies within the present century. In the year 1720, when Law's Mississippi scheme was adopted by the Duke of Orleans, with a view to annihilate great part of the government paper, the debt contracted by the wars of Louis XIV. was so enormous, that the customary revenue of the country could scarcely pay a shilling in the pound. In the war before last, the King's plate, and that of the church and nobles, was melted down to maintain their fleets and armies; and now we again see such a deficiency of resources, as would drive any other country to despair. Such repeated failures must give a lasting blow to the credit of France, and will prevent monied men, of all descriptions, from trusting that government in future, while it directs the attention of foreigners of every country, to prefer the public securities of Great Britain, which from the first establishment of the Bank, and the first creation of a public debt, has been found equal to every demand.

Monsieur de Calonne was in the gallery of the House of Commons on Tuesday last, as well as in the House of Lords, and seemed highly gratified with the ceremony, debates, &c.

A few days since the Grand Bailiff and some Members of the Magistracy of Amsterdam, attended by a detachment of cavalry, went to two houses in the Nes, and the Wormoestrat, where the late Patriots used to meet; when they broke open and seized what papers and books they could find; after that, they secured the doors, and affixed seals upon them.

The Emperor of Germany has granted commissions to several noblemen, for raising new corps for his services; of these Baron de Gersdorf is to raise one of 1200 men. His Imperial Majesty has taken two other steps which strongly indicate war. One is that he has issued a proclamation prohibiting under the most severe penalties, the exportation of any kind of corn whatsoever, not only from the kingdom of Hungary, but also from all his Majesty's hereditary dominions. The other is, that he caused the States of Hungary to meet last month, and while they were sitting, with the Count de Palfy, the Lord High Chancellor of the kingdom at their head, Mess. d'Urmeny and Mocripodary, his Majesty's Commissioners, were introduced to them, and made a demand in their master's name, of the number of recruits usually furnished by Hungary at the beginning of the war. The States, with the greatest chearfulness, voted unanimously the number required of them by their Sovereign; and his Majesty has actually given directions that on account of the warlike preparations in Hungary, all the public works which were carrying on in the different provinces of that kingdom, be suspended till further orders.

When the united forces of the Emperor of Germany and Empress of Russia are contrasted with those of the Sultan, every one must see that if the two former fall upon the latter, the Turks, unless supported by some great powers, must necessarily be driven out of Europe. The Austrian army consists of nearly 300,000 men, the most regular and best disciplined in the world. That of Russia forms 350,000; but, as great numbers of these are Calmauks and other irregular troops, the Russian army ought not to be estimated at more than 200,000 regulars. The Ottoman forces of all denominations amount to 447,454 men, of whom 207,400 are infantry. But in this number are included 170,000 men employed in the navy, and in Constantinople and some neighbouring cities, where their presence is absolutely necessary, to keep the populace within bounds: so that the Turks cannot bring into the field more than 277,454 men; a force infinitely too small to cope with 500,000 of the finest troops in Europe.

Able generals, who have seen the Austrian troops do not hesitate to say, that, at the head of the 160,000 men, whom the Emperor is now assembling in Hungary, they would not be afraid to meet the whole force, regular and irregular, that the Ottoman empire can oppose to them.

By advices received from the island of St Vincent it appears, that his Majesty's lately appointed Governor, Colonel Seton, had not only met with the most cordial marks of respect and esteem on his arrival from all ranks of people there; but that afterwards, at the meeting of the legislature, on the 25th of August, a perfect confidence, and most ardent zeal for objects of essential utility, had been reciprocally displayed; so that the prospect of future harmony, and prosperity in that colony, was highly flattering; but we have to regret, that the speech of Governor Seton, and the addresses of the Council and Assembly, however deserving of publication, are of too great length to be here inserted.

Spa is in great disorder, on account of the exactions of the Prince Bishop of Liege. He granted a privilege to the gambling house there for the annual tribute of 70,000 florins, in consequence of which another was established in opposition to it.—The old rooms were deserted; and the Bishop, to insure the payment of the tax, ordered some troops, with two pieces of cannon, to march to Spa, and enforce the attendance of the strangers, as well as natives at the privileged rooms. This was a new spectacle presented, of men being dragooned into gambling, and a Bishop not only encouraging vice, but drawing a considerable part of his revenue from immorality and dissipation.

On Monday last a person named Goward, led his wife (who is far advanced in her pregnancy) to the Market-place at Nuneaton, and there sold and delivered her up, with a halter about her neck, to one White, for the sum of three guineas: In their way Goward asked his wife if she was not ashamed of being brought to open market to be sold; she said she was not, and was happy to think that she was going to have another husband, for she well knew who would be her purchaser. When they came to the place, Goward embraced his wife and wished her well, upon which she returned the compliment.—White declared himself extremely well satisfied, and paid down the money, assuring the quondam husband *it was good and full weight*.—The purchase being completed, White gave the ringers a handsome treat to ring a peal, and they spent the remainder of the day with the greatest joy imaginable.

TREATY *with* HESSE CASSEL.

This Treaty, after the usual preliminaries, stipulates, that the Landgrave shall hold in readiness for his Majesty's service 12,000 men, during the space of four years, in two divisions, the first consisting of 8000, and the other 4000 men. The first division is to consist of infantry, to which his Serene Highness may add 1000 cavalry, if he thinks proper, and he reserves to himself the liberty of heading them in person.

The first division is to be ready to march at four weeks notice, and the second at six weeks, if practicable.

The King of Great Britain engages to pay for every trooper 80 banco crowns, and for every foot soldier 30 banco crowns, within 13 days after the requisition to march shall have been made;—the crown to be computed at four shillings and ninepence three farthings English money.

The subsidy to be 150,000 banco crowns per annum, during the four years certain, and from the time of making the requisition, 450,000 banco crowns per annum, and during the whole time that the troops shall be in his Majesty's service, the Landgrave is to receive an annual subsidy of 225,000 banco crowns.

In case a larger body than 12,000 men should be required, the subsidy is to be increased in proportion, and it is to be paid quarterly.

His Majesty is to make good all losses of men, guns, &c. and to pay the expence of remounting and recruiting the corps.

The Landgrave has most probably made a good bargain, and so it appears to be. For he has 150,000 crowns a year, for four years certain, without being at a farthing expence, and a stipulation for greater advantages and a full indemnification in case he should be called upon to fulfill his engagements!

Extract of a letter from Cassel, Nov. 21.

"His Serene Highness Prince Edward, son of the King of Great Britain, arrived here yesterday from Hanover; he is expected to remain for a week or ten days, and goes from hence to Gotha, then to Dresden, and forward to Berlin, as weather will permit; in which last city, he will spend the Christmas, and return through Hanover, Holland, &c. about April next, on his return to England. All the regiments of this principality are made compleat on account of the Treaty."

Extract of a letter from Paris, Nov. 26.

"It is reported, that the Duke of Orleans will soon regain his liberty. The Princess Lamballe, the Duchess of Orleans' sister-in-law, paid him a visit; and, as she is the Queen's favourite, it is thought that her Majesty will intercede for him with her Royal consort."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Nov. 24.

"Every account from the country speaks of the extraordinary damages occasioned by the late floods. Not only much private property, but many lives have been lost. In the mountains of Mitial, county of Carlow, the torrents were never remembered to be so rapid or extensive by the oldest inhabitants living there: several little cabins were swept away, and a poor old man, with his grandchild, were drowned in bed. A great number of bridges have also been injured. That which was lately erected at the confluence of the rivers Slaney and Derry, we hear, was entirely carried away.

"The damage done by the late overflowing of the waters in the different counties West of this metropolis is reckoned, on a moderate computation, to amount to 500,000 l. The weather for these three days past has been dry, and seems now to set in for a frost. Great quantities of Turbot, and all kinds of fish, have been taken of late in this bay. The John, from Greenock, is the only arrival this day."

PRICE of STOCKS, Dec. 3.

Bank Stock, —	India Bonds, 84 a 83 s. prem.
New 4 per cent. 1777, 93¾ a 96½.	South Sea Stock, —
	Old S. S. Ann. —
5 per cent. Ann. 1785, 115½ a ¼.	New ditto, —
3 per cent. red. 76¼ a ⅝.	3 per cent. 1751, —
3 per cent. con. 77¼ a ½.	New Navy and Victualling Bills, —
3 per cent. 1726, —	Exch. Bills, —
Long Ann. 22⅝ a 11-16ths.	Lottery Tickets, 16 l. 16 s. 6 d.
30 Years Ann. 1778, 13⅞.	3 per cent. for the opening, 77½.
India Stock, —	
3 per cent. India Ann. —	

WIND AT DEAL, Dec. 2. S. S. W.

EDINBURGH.

General Beckwith died at Bishop Middleham, in the county of Durham, on the 2d instant. It is hoped that his friends will accept of this as a proper intimation of his death.

On Thursday last, died at Dumfries, Mrs Graham, relict of the late Provost Graham of that place.

Died at Conheath, on Sunday night last, William Kirkpatrick, Esq;

Saturday last died, at Rutherglen, much regretted, Mrs Margaret Auchinclois, spouse of the Rev Mr Furlong, minister of that parish.

On Saturday last died at Greenock, Mrs Agnes Crawford, spouse of Mr Hugh Crawford junior, writer in Greenock.

Died at Glasgow on the 2d current, Mrs Helen Wilson, widow of the Rev. Mr James Trumbull, late minister of Denny.

Last week, Gilbert Innes of Stowe, Esq; was unanimously elected an Ordinary Manager of the Royal Bank, in room of Gilbert Lawrie, Esq; deceased.

On Monday the 26th ult. came on at the Hall of the Physical Society of Edinburgh, the annual election of Presidents, when the following Gentlemen were chosen:—

Robert Ross, of the county of Cork;
Joseph Nicholes Wilson, of South Carolina;
James Robertson, of Inverness; and
William Allanby, of the county of Cumberland.

Mr Fyffe unanimously re-elected Treasurer.

This day, the Superintendant for the City sent a porter from each stand on the High-Street upon different messages. Not one of them being in possession of a copy of their regulations, they were dismissed without payment, and threatened to be fined, if found guilty in this respect in future.

Tuesday last, the Theatrical season opened here, with All in the Wrong, and the Critic; being by the desire of the Right Hon. Lord Elcho, Grand Master Mason of Scotland, who, with a number of the Members belonging to the Grand Lodge, and other Lodges in town, honoured the Theatre with their company. Shakespeare box, properly decorated, was allotted for the reception of the Grand Lodge, and part of the Pit was railed in for the rest of the Brethren. Lord Elcho was supported in the Shakespeare on the right by the Lord Provost of Edinburgh, and on the left by Sir William Forbes, Bart. Upon this occasion, Mrs Brooks made her first appearance on the Edinburgh stage, in the character of Belinda; and, from the various and extensive powers she then exhibited, there is little doubt of her becoming a great favourite with the public, and consequently a valuable acquisition to the Manager. She was received throughout the arduous character of Belinda with every mark of approbation and applause by a brilliant audience; nor did they withhold, from their old acquaintances, who filled up the other parts of the drama, and which were supported with great abilities, the same liberal testimony of their entire satisfaction. A flattering proof, that however apt people in general are to be fond of novelty, yet that the judicious and discerning Edinburgh audience will never fail to reward real merit, however long the possessor of it may have remained among them. It must be acknowledged, at the same time, to the honour of the manager, that he never lets slip an opportunity of indulging the public curiosity, by bringing forward, as often as possible, the first rate performers from other Theatres.

Now that St Andrew's steeple is finished, and proves so great an ornament to the city, it will no doubt be much regretted, if the steeple to the West Church, proposed some time ago, is not now set about. It never can be carried forward with so much advantage as at present, as the scaffolding now taking down from St Andrew's Church might be obtained upon much easier terms than could otherwise be expected; and, to so rich a body of heritors as those of the West Church parish, this desirable object would be but a trifle.—Arnot, in his entertaining history of Edinburgh, speaking of the West Church, says, "this is the most populous parish in Scotland, and the landholders in general men of opulence; and although we are not to expect that modern Protestants should consecrate structures to the Deity, equal in magnificence to Grecian temples, yet it were to be wished that some distinction was made between a CHURCH and a BARN."

On the 28th ult. a call was moderated in the Associate Congregation of Montrose, when the call came out unanimously for the Rev. Mr John Kyle of Kinross. The moderation was conducted with great propriety, by the Rev. Mr John Auchincloss, from Liff, who preached a most excellent sermon from JUDE, ver. 3.—"Beloved, Contend earnestly "for the faith once delivered to the saints."

A correspondent observes, that the attention of the community is wholly directed to the education and religious improvement of boys, while *girls* are as much neglected, as if they had no existence, or were of no importance to society. Since the gentlemen have so notoriously manifested their partiality, the ladies ought to interpose in favour of their own sex. Let some active and public-spirited females therefore meet, raise a subscription, and, without delay, institute schools for the improvement of girls.

Price of the best oatmeal in Dumfries market, 1 s. 10 d. per stone.

On Saturday, David Welsh, son to Robert Welsh executioner in Aberdeen, and John Rannie, known by the name of the Cleeker, were imprisoned in that place; Welsh, for stealing books out of a bookseller's shop, and Rannie for receiting them.

The Barbadoes, M'Nell, is arrived at Virginia, from Clyde.

Elizabeth, Adair, at Baltimore, from Clyde.
Sally, Haddock, at Virginia, from Liverpool.

Extract of a letter from Glasgow, Dec. 3.

"Wednesday, several Excise officers made a seizure here, of two carts load of spirits and tea.

"Saturday morning, part of the Delf house at Finnieston was discovered to be on fire, and before it could be got extinguished, notwithstanding all the engines were on the spot, considerable damage was done."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Dec. 1.

"The Dorset yacht came up on Thursday to her moorings at the Pigeon-house, where every preparation is making on board, and every kind of provision, refreshment, stores, &c. are laying in for the reception of his Excellency the Marquis of Buckingham, from whence she will sail to the Holyhead to-morrow, and there await his coming.

"The Marquis of Buckingham has appointed Col. Nugent and Major John Francis Cradock, to be his Excellency's first and second Aid de camps in ordinary; there will also be four extraordinary, and 14 supernumary Aid-du-camps, appointed, and from every account his Excellency's suite will consist of the same splendour exhibited in his late administration in this kingdom.

Several of the Marquis of Buckingham's domestics landed here yesterday morning from Liverpool.

"Besides the valuable cargo of merchant goods on board the Recovery, Wetherhead, wrecked upon the rocks near Wexford, there was a quantity of rich and rare curiosities of and nature, lately collected on the Continent of Europe, by John Latouche, Esq; and the entire stock of household furniture, baggage, &c. of General Corneille, late Governor of the island of St Helena."

Surgeon's-Hall, Edinburgh, Dec. 3. 1787.

In presence of the Royal College of Surgeons, appeared Mr Samuel Borthwick, of the city of Edinburgh; and being examined upon his skill in Surgery and Pharmacy, was found fully qualified to practise these arts.

Extracted by
(Signed) WM. BALDERSTON, *Clerk.*

To the Printer of the Caledonian Mercury.

SIR,

THE Prince was young, handsome, gay, amorous, and gallant: in a private station he would have been a favourite; judge then whether he was unfortunate as a Prince. All of a sudden he became pensive, retired, and melancholly; his health was thought to be in danger; historians, poets, painters, panders, parasites, academicians, fine ladies; in short, all the world, repaired to the Court of the Prince's uncle, as to the place of future sovereignty. The King and Queen were alarmed; the faculty were consulted, and gave it as their opinion, that the nerves of his Royal Highness were relaxed, and that it was absolutely necessary to make him engage in some active pursuit. He might conquer a kingdom, or two or three provinces at least, at the head of 400,000 men properly appointed; he might go to Newmarket, study whist; turn circumnavigator, academician; in short, any thing but idleness. Varieties of action being proposed to the Prince, he declared for war. The whole corps diplomatique took the alarm. It was answered to the ambassadors of every potentate in Europe, Asia, Africa, and America, that no design was formed against any of their masters. The minister of the war department was ordered to have in readiness an army of 20,000 men, half dragoons half infantry, with a suitable train, and pioneers. To conquer a kingdom, or even a few provinces with such an army, was a problem of no easy solution. The Prince, however, began his march, and in a few days pitched his camp in the midst of a Royal forest, containing 200,000 acres of land. This great tract was much in the state in which it had been left by the flood of Noah. It had some deer and other game, and abounded with trees, tho' not of the best sort. The country abounded with limestone, and turf or peat to burn it. Lime, and the manure arising from 12,000 horse, and an army of 20,000 men, besides women, children, sutlars, &c. were no despicable means of improvement, to which we add abundance of timber, to defend young hedges. Immediately, a large garden was dressed, and filled with kitchen-stuff sufficient for the season. The plough, the harrow, the spade, the pick-ax were all successfully handled by prince and soldiery. At the end of the campaign, 20,000 acres of land were sown with wheat. Te Deum was sung; and the Prince returned to Court with health perfectly re-established. He was quite idolized; and the Court of his uncle became desolate.

Edin. Nov. 29. 1787. NERVA.

IRISH STATE LOTTERY, 1787.

TWELFTH DAY'S DRAWING.

No. 5336, 5000 l. No. 15,472, 36,787, 500 l. each.
No. 21,615, 100 l. No. 9843, 50 l.
And the following prizes of 20 l. each,
No. 10,571, 26,298, 13,311, 15,692, 20,762, 37,869, 3030.

THIRTEENTH DAY'S DRAWING.

No. 34,142, 18,846, 500 l. each. No. 7416, 100 l.
No. 2381, 29,110, 15,608, 50 l. each.
And the following prizes of 20 l. each,
No. 22,388, 3304, 39,277, 14,720, 6758, 2341, 8752.

REPORT *of the* Quantities of Meal *brought into the Meal Market of Edinburgh, with the Prices at which it sold, Dec. 4. 1787.*

Lothian oat-meal,	120	bolls.
South Country ditto,	250	
	s.	d.
Best Lothian oat-meal sold at	14	3
Second ditto,	14	0
Third ditto,	13	6
Best South Country ditto,	13	6
Second ditto,	13	0
Third ditto,	12	6
Best meal sold by retail at	1	0
Second ditto,	0	11½
Third ditto,	0	10½

per boll, per peck.

Thermometer and Barometer since our last:

					Ther.	Bar.
Monday,	*Dec.*	3.	8 o'clock,	P. M.	40	29.20
Tuesday,	——	4.	8 ——	A. M.	39	29.20
			8 ——	P. M.	36	29.23
Wednesday,	——	5.	8 ——	A. M.	34	29.23
			8 ——	P. M.	40	29.30
Thursday,	——	6.	8 ——	A. M.	34	29.37

On Wednesday next will be published,

THE

UNIVERSAL SCOTS ALMANACK,
for the Year 1788.

Orders addressed to JOHN ROBERTSON, Old Fish-market Close, will be attended to.

Booksellers in the West Country will be supplied, as usual, on applying to J. and M. Robertson's, Salt-market, Glasgow.

EAST-LOTHIAN.

THE Convener of the Committee, named by the County of East Lothian, upon the intended Toll betwixt Musselburgh and Edinburgh, requests a meeting of the Justices of the Peace and Freeholders of East-Lothian, upon Monday next the 10th current, in the Town-house of Haddington, at eleven o'clock forenoon, to take under their consideration the final resolution of the county of Edinburgh, with respect to that toll.—An Extract of that resolution is lodged with the Clerk of the Peace for the county of East-Lothian.

ARRIVED AT GREENOCK,

Nov. 25. Active, Gray, from Liverpool, with goods.
26. Appin, M'Coll, from Fort William, with barks.
Nancy, M'Aliſter, from Collenſay, with kelp.
Grizzie, Cochrane, from Dundalk, with oats.
Paſſed to Port-Glaſgow, two brigs and two ſloops, names unknown.
Hope, Steel, from St Ubs, with ſalt, for P. G.
27. Diligence, Kean, from Briſtol, with goods.
Polly, Iver, from ditto, with ditto.
Barkbarrow, Towers, from Kendale, with ditto.
Peggy, Brown, from Roſs, with barley.
Fortitude, Macgregor, from Drogheda, with meal.
Elliot, Ward, from Liverpool, with goods.
28. Two Brothers, Philips, from Youghall, with oats.
29. Nancy, Weir, from Rotterdam, in ballaſt.
30. Suſannah, Donaldſon, from Liverpool, in ditto, for P. G.
Jean, White, from Southampton, with timber.
Hope, Steel, from Port-Glaſgow, with ſalt.
Dec. 3. Peggy, Lamont, from Belfaſt, with goods.

SAILED,

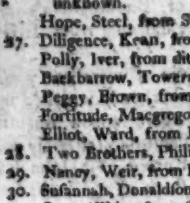
Nov. 23. Caſtleſemple, Buchanan, for Jamaica, goods.
Hopewell, Williamſon, for Charleſton, with ditto.
Jeſſie, Rodger, for ditto, with ditto.
Phœnix, Sharp, for London, with herrings.
24. Sally, M'Key, for Dublin, with goods.
25. Ceres, Farmer, for Rotterdam, with tobacco.
27. Eliſabeth, M'Key, for Dublin, with goods.
Counteſs of Haddington, Workman, for Charleſton, with ditto.
28. Delaval, Cameron, for Rotterdam, with tobacco.
Delight, Jamieſon, for Dublin, with goods.
Iſabella, M'Conochy, for Drogheda, with ditto.
Charleſton, M'Kellar, for Charleſton, with ditto.
29. Home, Paterſon, for Grenada, ditto, from P. G.
America, Brown, for Wilmington, with ditto.
30. Jane, Brown, for Liverpool, with ditto.
Dec. 3. Peggy, Brown, for Briſtol, with ditto.

ARRIVED AT LEITH,

Nov. 29. Norfolk, Grives, from Lynn, grain.
Mary, Ruſſel, from Ipſwich, ditto.
30. Ant, Houldon, from Burnham, ditto.
Diſpatch, ——, from Lynn, ditto.
Dec. 4. True Love, Burnſide, from Whitby, grain.
Peggy, Munro, from Charleſton, tyles.
Robert, Brown, from Glaſgow, goods.
Charming Peggy, Lawſon, from Alloa, coals & whiſkey.
Jean, Ferrier, from Glaſgow, goods.
5. Nelly, Clark, from Riga, ditto.
6. Providence, Roſs, from Glaſgow, ditto.
Margarets, Turnbull, from Rotterdam, ditto.
Providence, Jones, from Alloa, coals and goods.
Two ſloops with coals.

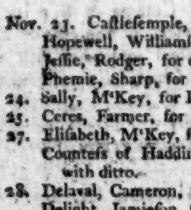
SAILED,

Peggy, Skirving, for St Lucar, ballaſt.
Iſobella, Greig, for Dundee, goods.
Mercury, Muir, for Bo-neſs, ditto.
John and William, Brodie, for Dyſart, light.
Elizabeth, Lawrence, for Limekills, light.
Mary and John, Dewar, for Alloa, cheeſe.
Weſtwood, Armſtrong, for Newcaſtle, goods.
Salisbury, Biſhop, for ditto, ditto.
Peggy, Roſs, for Hull, goods.
Helen, Higgans, for ditto, ditto.
Mally, Ligiton, for Montroſe, ditto.
Jemima, Denoon, for St David's, ballaſt.



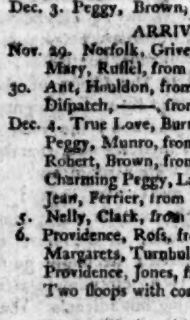
At LONDON for LEITH directly,
The Leith Packet,
JOHN THOMSON Maſter'
Is taking in goods for Edinburgh, and places adjacent, to ſail on Thurſday the 20th December inſtant, wind and weather ſerving.
Has good accommodation for paſſengers.

The maſter to be ſpoke with at 'Change, or at the Edinburgh Coffeehouſe, Threadneedle-ſtreet, mornings and evenings on board, or Hawley and Downe, or David Thomſon for the maſter.

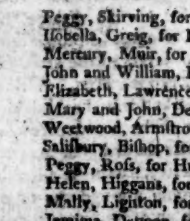


AT LONDON—FOR LEITH,
The Betſey of Dunbar,
WILLIAM MILLER Maſter,
A new Smack, built on purpoſe for trade,
Is now lying at the Glaſgow Wharf, taking in goods for Leith, and all places adjacent, and will ſail the 14th inſtant.

This veſſel ſails remarkably faſt, and has two cabins elegantly fitted up for paſſengers, who may depend on meeting with the beſt uſage.
The maſter to be ſpoke with at the Exchange Coffeehouſe, mornings and evenings on board the ſhip.



FOR BOURDEAUX,
And to return to Leith direct,
THE BRIG THOMAS,
PETER CRUDEN Maſter,
Will ſail the 14th December.
For freight or paſſage apply to the Maſter on board, or at his houſe, Coal-hill, Leith.
N. B. The above ſhip is of a proper ſize to take in brandies.
Leith, Dec. 6. 1787.

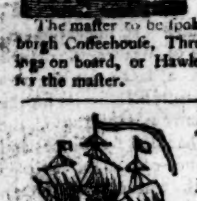


FOR ST VINCENT,
THE KINGSTON,
JOHN TARBERT Maſter,
To ſail on the 1ſt of December
For GRENADA,
THE FAME,
JAMES LEITCH Maſter,
To ſail on the 10th of December.

Theſe Ships are now lying at Greenock, and have the beſt accommodation for paſſengers, who may pleaſe apply to Malcolm, Ritchie, and Leitch in Greenock, or to Alexander Houſtoun and Co. Glaſgow.
November 13. 1787.

Roup of the Ship Mathiſon
OF MONTROSE.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the houſe of Mrs Driver, vintner in Montroſe, upon Friday the 4th of January 1788, betwixt the hours of three and four afternoon,



The Brigantine MATHISON,
Alexander Joly Maſter,
With her whole Furniture and Apparelling, as ſhe preſently lies in the harbour of Montroſe.—The veſſel's burden is about 160 tons dead weight.—She was built at Montroſe, and is of excellent materials, and well found, and laſt year got a thorough repair of her upperworks.

The inventary of the ſhip, and the articles and conditions of roup, are to be ſeen in the hands of William Baillie, writer in Montroſe, who has power to treat with any perſon inclining to make a private bargain.

NOTICE
To the Heritors of the Pariſh of FETTERESSO.

IN the proceſs of locality of the augmented ſtipend of the pariſh of Fettereſſo, the Lord Monboddo, Ordinary thereto, by interlocutor, dated the 29th November laſt, "Ordained the whole Heritors to produce the rights to the tiends of their lands within the pariſh, (if they any have), in the Clerk's hands, and that betwixt and the 16th day of January next; with certification, that no ſuch rights will be received after ſaid day, but upon payment of an amand of Forty Shillings Sterling to the common agent, towards defraying the expence of carrying on the proceſs of locality of the miniſter's ſtipend; and appointed the common agent to inſert this order in the Edinburgh newſpapers."

Notice to Creditors.

THE Creditors of the deceaſed THOMAS BELL, late innkeeper in Roſlin, are requeſted to lodge the grounds of their debts, with their oaths of verity thereon, with Hunter James Ferrier, in Roſlin, truſtee appointed by the creditors, and that betwixt and the 20th December current, ſo as proper ſteps may be taken for the benefit of all concerned.
Not to be repeated.

NOTICE
To the CREDITORS of JOHN HORN Brewer in Gilmerton.

UPON an application of the ſaid John Horn, with concurrence of one of his Creditors, the Lords of Council and Seſſion, on the 3d of December current, ſequeſtrated his whole real and perſonal eſtate, wherever ſituated, and appointed his Creditors to meet in the houſe of Daniel Douglas vintner in the Anchor Cloſe of Edinburgh, on Monday the 10th current, at twelve o'clock noon, to name an interim factor, in terms of the ſtatute. Of which intimation is hereby made.

NOTICE
To the CREDITORS of LEWIS GORDON of Techmuckie.

A Meeting of the creditors is to be held at twelve o'clock, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe at Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 2d day of January next, when and where the creditors will attend, in order to aſſent or diſſent to the factor and a committee of the creditors entering into a ſubmiſſion of all claims and differences ſubſiſting between the creditors and the deceaſed Mrs Gordon, wife of the ſaid Lewis Gordon, and her truſtees and diſponees. A great many of the creditors have already authoriſed the factor to enter into a ſubmiſſion, but as ſome of the creditors have not given their conſent, it becomes neceſſary to call a meeting under the ſtatute for ſpecial authority.—And as the whole effects of Mr Gordon are now converted into caſh, nothing prevents an immediate dividend, but an adjuſtment of the diſputes between his creditors and the diſponees of Mrs Gordon, it is entreated that the creditors, or their doers properly authoriſed, will attend the meeting, and lodge their grounds of debt, with oaths of verity thereon, in the factor's hands, to prevent further delays in making out a ſcheme of diviſion.

NOTICE
To the CREDITORS of JAMES BLAIR ſenior, JAMES BLAIR junior, merchants, and ANDREW DUNCAN baker in Glaſgow.

AS the Truſtee for theſe Creditors propoſes to make a dividend of the realiſed funds towards the end of January next, all perſons who have claims upon Meſſrs Blairs and Duncan, either as individuals, or as copartners, under the firm of *James Blair and Company*, prior to the ſequeſtration of their eſtate in October 1784, are deſired to tranſmit the vouchers of ſaid claims, with affidavits to the verity thereof, on or before the 4th of the ſaid month of January, to Mr Robert Armour, merchant in Glaſgow, or James Mathie writer there, otherwiſe they will be excluded from the benefit of the dividend.

NOTICE.

IN the proceſs of ranking and ſale depending before the Court of Seſſion, at the inſtance of Sir Samuel Hannay of Mochrum, baronet, with concourſe of his Majeſty's advocate, againſt Mr JOHN M'NAUGHT, miniſter at Girthon, and his creditors, the Lord Hailes, ordinary, upon the 21ſt of November laſt, allowed the following new-diſcovered ſubjects to be added to the ſale; and upon the 29th of ſame month, his Lordſhip appointed notice thereof, and that the ſame were to be ſold as part of the bankrupt's eſtate, to be made in the Edinburgh Evening Courant and Caledonian Mercury, weekly for three weeks ſucceſſively;—viz. that Tenement of Houſes and Long Yard, lying within the territories of the Burgh of Kirkcudbright, without the gate called the Meikle Gate, and is the weſt half of a Tenement of Land, ſometime a barnſtead, with the yard and two ridges of land adjacent thereto. As alſo, that little Houſe, formerly a houſe ſtead, lying within the ſaid Burgh, without the Meikle Yett, as deſcribed in a charter granted by the Magiſtrates of Kirkcudbright to the bankrupt, and in his inſeſtment thereon, regiſtered in the Burgh Court-books of Kirkcudbright, the 21ſt of September 1754.—And likewiſe, liberty to the ſaid John M'Naught, to lift ſhells from the ſhore of the lands of Broach, ſo far as neceſſary for improving his lands of Claughread and Cambret, with a road to lead them, as ſhall be moſt convenient for the proprietor of Broach and Claughread and Cambret.—And alſo, liberty to the ſaid John M'Naught to take what ſhells he may incline, for the uſe of the farms of Claughread and Cambret, from the ſhell banks of Kirkbride, for the ſpace of 31 years after Whitſunday 1781, and liberty to carry them off the lands without acknowledgement.—If theſe two laſt were not already included in the ſale.
H. S. STEVENSON Clerk.

INTIMATION
To the CREDITORS of WILLIAM BAIN, Fleſher in Edinburgh.

WHEREAS ſeveral creditors of ſaid William Bain have, notwithſtanding of former advertiſements, failed to produce their grounds of debt againſt him, in the hands of the truſtee, in terms of law; Notice is hereby given to all ſuch creditors, that, unleſs they ſhall lodge their grounds of debt, with oaths upon the verity thereof, in the hands of *Mr Archibald Kidd*, farmer in Winchburgh, the truſtee, or of *Adam Stewart*, writer, Hanover Street, Edinburgh, before the 22d day of January next 1788, being twenty-one kallendar months from the date of the ſequeſtration, they will be cut out of any ſhare in the ſubſequent, (and probably final) diſtribution of the debtor's funds, in terms of the act of Parliament.

And as the truſtee wiſhes to have the opinion and advice of the creditors, reſpecting a cautionary debt due by ſaid William Bain, for John Cairns, late fleſher in Edinburgh, to Alexander Orr, feuer in Nicolſon's Street, upon which inhibition had been uſed previous to the ſequeſtration; he requeſts a general meeting of the creditors in John's Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 26th December current, at one o'clock afternoon, in order to receive their directions concerning it.

First Notice—First Term.

IN the proceſs of Sale and Ranking, at the inſtance of William Steel of Waygateſhaw, with concourſe of his Majeſty's Advocate, againſt the repreſentative of the deceaſed WILLIAM SELKIRK, merchant in Lanark, and his creditors, the Lord Henderland, by his interlocutor, dated the 28th day of November 1787, appointed himſelf Ordinary to rank the creditors, and aſſigned the 14th day of February next to the whole creditors, to produce their rights, claims, and diligences, competent to them reſpectively, againſt the bankrupt or his eſtate, and that for the FIRST TERM, with certification, as in a reduction and improbation; and appointed this notice thereof, ſo as the ſame may come to the knowledge of all concerned.
O. M. KIRKPATRICK.

LONDON.

For SALE by the Candle, at Garraways Coffeehouſe, Exchange Alley, Cornhill, on Tueſday the 11th December, at five o'clock in the afternoon, the following GOODS:

ABOUT 550 Bags, Weſt India Cotton Wool, in the hands of the Importers, which, for the accommodation of the buyers, (the holidays intervening,) need not be weighed off, nor the terms of payment complied with, till on or before the 2d January 1788.

Catalogues and other particulars of which, will be delivered in due time by WILLIAM TROTTER and CO. No. 12. Tower Street.

Notice to Creditors.

THE Creditors of LIEUT. COLONEL GEORGE MACKENZIE, now deceaſed, ſome time Major in the firſt battalion of the late 73d regiment of foot, are requeſted to give in to George Andrew, writer in Edinburgh, notes of the debts ſeverally due to them, ſpecifying the preciſe amount thereof, and the ſecurities by which the ſame are conſtituted, in order that meaſures for their payment may be taken.

NOTICE
To the CREDITORS of JOHN FAIRLEY, Diſtiller at Portnaild.

THAT in conſequence of a ſequeſtration of the real and perſonal eſtate of the ſaid John Fairley under the late ſtatute, his Creditors, agreeable to advertiſement, met at Paiſley upon the 27th ult. when they unanimouſly made choice of William Fairley, farmer at Inchinan, to be interim factor on the ſaid eſtate; and appointed Wedneſday the 16th January next, at one o'clock afternoon, for the general meeting of the ſaid John Fairly's Creditors, within the houſe of Thomas Durie vintner in Glaſgow, in order to their chuſing a truſtee or truſtees on ſaid eſtate. The Creditors, or agents for Creditors, are therefore requeſted to attend accordingly, and to produce their grounds of debt, with oaths of verity thereon, in ſo far as they were not produced at the former meeting.

To be SOLD within John's Coffeehouſe, on Friday the 4th day of January next, betwixt the hours of four and ſix afternoon,

THAT Chamber, preſently occupied as the Commiſſary Clerks Office, lying on the ſouth ſide of the Parliament Square, conſiſting of two Apartments, and affording an eligible ſituation for a ſhop or wareroom
The progreſs of writs and conditions of ſale, to be ſeen in the hands of James Munro, writer in Edinburgh.

Lime Quarry to Let.

THE valuable LIME QUARRY of Laddeddie, in the pariſh of Ceres and county of Fife, to be LET for ſuch a number of years as ſhall be agreed on, and entered to immediately.

This Quarry lies in the heart of an improving country, where there is a great demand, within three miles of the town of Cupar, and one mile of Ceres. The Lime is of a ſuperior quality, and gives as high a price as any in the county of Fife.

The tackſman will be accommodated with ſeventy acres of good arable land.

Robert Anderſon upon the ground will ſhew the premiſes, and offers may be made to Colonel Thomſon at Newton by Colinſburgh, or to Mr George Anderſon at Bennochy by Kirkaldy, who will inform as to particulars.

Exchequer Chambers, Edinburgh,
24th November 1787.

BY order of the Barons, intimation is hereby given, of a petition having been this day preſented to their Lordſhips, from Alexander Monypenny of Pitmilly, Eſq; praying for a gift of the eſtate of Katharine Blackwood, lawful daughter of the deceaſed James Blackwood, Eſq; of London, fallen into his Majeſty's hands through her deceaſe, without heirs, in aid of a diſpoſition executed by her.

Exchequer Chambers, Edinburgh,
28th November 1787.

BY order of the Barons, intimation is hereby given, That a petition having been this day preſented to the Barons, from Mrs Grace Grant, ſpouſe of Captain John Grant, late of the 42d regiment, and him for his intereſt, praying a gift of the eſtate of the deceaſed Thomas Grant, ſon of Patrick Grant of Rothimurkus.

Exchequer Chambers Edinburgh,
4th December 1787.

BY Order of the BARONS—Intimation is hereby given, That Petitions were this day preſented to their Lordſhips from Miſs Jean Buchanan of Drumakiln, with conſent of her curator, and Mary Blane,—ſeverally praying a Gift of the eſtates of Archibald, Robina, and Mary Buchanans, natural children of the deceaſed Robert Buchanan of Drumakiln.

Sale of Wood in Eaſt-Lothian.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the houſe of John Brown, innkeeper at Gifford, upon Saturday the 15th inſtant, betwixt eleven and twelve o'clock noon,

THAT valuable WOOD called SPREDYWOOD, lying near the village of Gifford, conſiſting of a large quantity of fine full grown Oak, Aſh, Elm, Biſch, &c.

For further information, apply to John Hay, Eſq; younger of Nepes.

The forreſter at Yeſter will ſhow the wood and boundaries thereof.

Sale of Lands in Perthſhire.

To be SOLD within the Exchange Coffeehouſe in Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 27th of February 1788, betwixt the hours of ſix and ſeven in the evening,

THE Lands and Barony of GORTHY, and Lands of TULCHAN, lying within the pariſh of Foulis, and ſheriffdom of Perth.

The free yearly rental, after deduction of ſtipend and ſchool ſalary, is 977 l. 4 s. 10½ d. Sterling.

Theſe lands hold blench of the Crown, and are rated in the county-books at 1550 l. Scots of valued rent.

At ſame time to be SOLD, the Lands and Eſtate of BRACO, comprehending Braco, Deanſkier, Gannochyne, Dunſe, Dunduff, and Superiority of Eaſter Drummawhance, with a duty of eight bolls of Meal, payable out of Middle-Drummawhance; all lying in the pariſh of Muthill, and ſheriffdom foreſaid.

The free yearly rental of theſe lands, after deduction of feu-duty, miniſter's ſtipend, and ſchool ſalary, is 529 l. 15 s. 7 d. 11-12ths Sterling.

All the lands in the pariſh of Muthill hold feu of the Duke of Montroſe, except Dunduff, which holds blench of Mr Drummond of Pitkellony.

There is a good deal of Wood on both eſtates, which has been valued, and could now be ſold for 2446 l. 5 s. but no yearly ſum is ſtated for them in the rental.

A riſe of the rents of ſeveral of the poſſeſſions on the Gorthy eſtate, takes place during the currency of the preſent tacks

There is a right to the teinds of the whole lands; and the the teinds of the Gorthy eſtate are valued by a decreet in 1624.

The articles of roup, title-deeds, tacks, rentals, and plans of the ſeveral eſtates, may be ſeen in the hands of Hugh Gorrie, writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh, to whom any perſon wiſhing to purchaſe by private bargain may apply; and the grounds will be ſhown by the overſeers at Braco-Caſtle and Gorthy.

FOREST OF GLENARTNEY.

TO be LET by public roup, upon Friday the 8th day of February 1788, within the houſe of Archibald Buchanan vintner in Callender of Montieth, for one ſeaſon, and entered to at Whitſunday next, That extenſive well-known Grazing, called the FOREST of GLENARTNEY, lying within the pariſh of Comrie, and county of Perth. The roup to begin at twelve o'clock mid-day; and the articles of roup will be ſhown by David Robertſon at Drummond caſtle, or by William Lumſdaine clerk to the ſignet.

Farm in Mid-Lothian to Let.

To be LET for 19 years, and entered to at Martinmas next,

THE FARM of CLIFTON, poſſeſſed by William Maſon, lying in the ſouth part of the pariſh of Kirkliſton, and ſhire of Edinburgh, nine miles weſt from the city, and within half a mile of lime. The farm conſiſts of above 150 acres fine lying arable land, and capable of great improvement. The gardener at Cliftonhall will ſhow the farm, and thoſe who incline to offer for it, may apply to John Robertſon, writer, Meal-market Stairs, Edinburgh.

Sale of Lands in Perthſhire.

That there is to be SOLD by public roup, within the houſe of James Fleming, vintner in Kirkmichael, upon the 14th December curt. betwixt the hours of one and three in the afternoon,

THE TOWN and LANDS of CRAY, lying in the pariſh of Kirkmichael, conſiſting of about twenty bolls Sowing, upwards of ſixty acres of incloſed natural Graſs; the whole divided within the head dykes into five Incloſures, and the hill or outſide of the head dykes extend to ſome hundred acres of good paſture. There is ſome natural Birch Wood growing thereon.—A Manſion-houſe of four fire rooms with cloſets, and garrets, and a good Kitchen, barn, ſtables, &c. and a tolerable good garden. The rent not aſcertained, it being for a long time paſt in the proprietor's hands: Only 25 l. Sterling was offered for it, but it can be ſet at more.

Theſe lands hold of a ſubject ſuperior for a ſmall feu-duty, are capable of much improvement, and pleaſantly ſituated on the bank of the river of Glenilhee, very near the public road from Blairgowrie to Fort George.—Its ſituation is much calculated for game and fiſhing.

For further particulars, apply to William Small, writer in Perth, who has powers to adjuſt the ſale and diſpoſe of the ſubjects.

Lands near Berwick-upon-Tweed.

To be SOLD to the higheſt bidder, at the Red Lion in Berwick-upon-Tweed, on Monday the 4th day of February next, between the hours of four and five in the afternoon, in One Lot,

THE LANDS called NEW-WATERHAUGH, ſituated within the liberties of Berwick aforeſaid, and let at the yearly rent of 150 l.

And the Lands called FAIRNEY-FLAT, ſituated alſo within the liberties of Berwick, and let at the yearly rent of 65 l.

Upon the lands of New-waterhaugh there is a manſion-houſe, fit for the accommodation of a gentleman's family, with a large garden, a chaiſe-houſe, a farm-houſe, and other ſuitable offices. This eſtate is beautifully ſituated on the banks of the rivers Tweed and Whittater, and of a rich ſoil.

The eſtates are well incloſed, and every way in good order.

For further particulars, enquire of Mr Willoby, Town-clerk of Berwick aforeſaid.

SALE ADJOURNED.

To be SOLD by public auction, within the King's Arms Tavern in Dumfries, on Wedneſday the 20th of February 1788, betwixt four and five afternoon,

THE Lands and Eſtate of BLAIKET and MARKFAST, and Teinds of the ſame, lying in the pariſh of Urr, and ſtewartry of Kirkcudbright. The lands contain about 721 acres, are ſituated within eleven Engliſh miles of the town of Dumfries, on the great road leading from thence to Port-Patrick, and are within four miles of a harbour in the water of Urr, convenient for exporting grain, or importing lime, &c.

They are let for about 265 l. yearly, and afford an undoubted freehold qualification, and the teinds are valued.

The title-deeds and articles of ſale, to be ſeen in the hands of Mr Hugh Corrie, writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh; Mr Goldie, Commiſſary of Dumfries; or of Mr Aitken, one of the town-clerks there.

SALE OF GOGAR,
IN ONE OR THREE LOTS.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 19th December curt, betwixt the hours of ſix and ſeven afternoon,

The Lands and Barony of GOGAR, lying in the pariſh of Corſtorphine, and county of Edinburgh, and within four meaſured miles of the city of Edinburgh.

This eſtate conſiſts of upwards of 861 Scots acres, all incloſed and ſubdivided, and pays about 1373 l. 8 s. 2 d. Sterling of groſs yearly rent. There is an excellent Manſion-houſe, Offices, and Garden upon the eſtate, and a conſiderable quantity of old and young planting. It holds blench of the Crown, and will afford three freehold qualifications. The proprietor has right to the teinds of part of the eſtate, and the whole are valued, and within a few ſhillings of being exhauſted.

If the eſtate is not ſold in one, it will be ſet up in the three following Lots:

I. Or Eaſter Lot.—Theſe parts of the Farms of Eaſt Craigs and Goyle, lying north of the Bathgate road, poſſeſſed by Thomas Fergufon.—That part of the Farm of Weſt Craigs, lying ſouth of the Linlithgow road, poſſeſſed by James Barron.—That part of the ſaid Farm, lying north of the Linlithgow road, poſſeſſed by Captain Stewart; and that part of the Farm of Meadowfield, lying on the eaſt of Meadowfield road, poſſeſſed by Francis Sclate,

	Acres			Rent		
— —	268	0	1	L. 426	16	8

II. Or Mid Lot.—The Houſe, garden, &c. and Old Incloſures of Gogar, with the town of Gogar, lying north of the Bathgate road, and that part of the Farm of Meadowfield, lying on the weſt of the Meadowfield road, poſſeſſed by ſundries,

— —	219	0	2	510	1	8

III. Or Weſt Lot.—The Farm of Kerſhall, poſſeſſed by James Barron. The Mains of Gogar, poſſeſſed by John Comb; that part of the Farm of Golfhall, lying on the weſt of Golfhall road, poſſeſſed by the heirs of James Finlay, and the remainder of the Farm poſſeſſed by Thomas Fergufon, called Fleſhes, Weſterhall, and Goyle, lying on the ſouth of the Bathgate road,

—	374	1	10	436	10	6
Total	861	1	12	L. 1373	8	2

Each of theſe lots will give a freehold qualification, and the public burdens payable for the whole eſtate, will be proportioned according to the valuation of each lot.

There are many excellent ſituations for building upon both the eaſt and weſt lots, of which the purchaſers may ſoon have an opportunity, and the weſt lot, in particular, will admit of being feued out or ſold off in ſeveral compact and commodious ſubdiviſions, all of them bounded, one ſide at leaſt, by a turnpike road.

James Gray writer, Merchant-ſtreet, Edinburgh, will ſhow the titles, plan, and rentals, and has alſo power to conclude a private bargain. Thomas Fergufſon, farmer at Gogar, will ſhow the grounds.

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